## **Veterans Benefits: An Overview**

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## Summary

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) offers a wide range of benefits and services to eligible veterans, members of their families, and survivors of deceased veterans. VA programs include disability compensation and pensions, readjustment benefits, and health care programs. The VA also provides life insurance, burial benefits, housing and other loan guaranty programs, and special counseling and outreach programs. While eligibility for specific benefits varies, veterans generally must meet requirements related to discharge type and length of active duty military service. This report provides an overview of major VA benefits and the VA budget. It will be updated as events warrant.

## Introduction

The provision of various post-service benefits to military veterans dates back to the period before the Revolutionary War. Since 1789, Congress has expanded the range of benefits available to veterans through the passage of a multitude of laws. This report highlights the major benefits offered by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and provides further references where appropriate. It concludes with a summary of the VA budget authority and the number of beneficiaries from FY1980 through FY2007.

## **Veterans Benefits**

**Disability Benefit Programs.** Disability compensation is paid to veterans who have disabilities from injuries and illnesses that were incurred during, or aggravated by, active duty military service. The individual monthly disability compensation payment is determined by the veteran's disability rating, whether the veteran has a spouse or other

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For more information on eligibility for disability benefit programs for veterans, see CRS Report RL33113, *Veterans Affairs: Basic Eligibility for Disability Benefit Programs*, and CRS Report RL33323, *Veterans Affairs: Benefits for Service-Connected Disabilities*, both by Douglas Reid Weimer.

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Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188 dependents, and whether the veteran has a disability entitling him or her to special monthly compensation (SMC) because of the loss, or loss of the use of, certain extremities or organs as a result of active duty military service. Disability ratings generally range from 10% to 100% in 10% intervals and are based on the presumed average impact of the disability on employment or earnings capacity; however, some disabilities are given a zero-percent rating.<sup>2</sup> Disabled veterans may also be eligible for vocational rehabilitation, grants for adaptive housing and automobiles, and a clothing allowance. Dependency and indemnity compensation (DIC) is paid to the surviving dependents of veterans who died as a result of service-connected causes; certain totally (100%) disabled veterans who died as the result of nonservice-connected causes; and servicemembers who died on active duty. In FY2007, about 2.8 million disabled veterans and 333,000 survivors received \$33.6 billion in compensation payments.<sup>3</sup>

**Veterans' Pensions.** Veterans' pensions<sup>4</sup> are means-tested cash benefits that are paid to veterans who served during a period of war and have become permanently and totally disabled from nonservice-connected causes or are elderly (over age 65), and to the survivors of such veterans. Veterans must also meet income or net worth criteria to be eligible for VA pensions. Under the current pension program (also known as the Improved Disability Pension program), benefits<sup>5</sup> are based on family size, and the pensions provide a floor of income. Almost all sources of income, including Social Security benefits, are subtracted from the basic pension benefit. Although Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments are not subtracted from the basic VA pension benefit, all veterans' benefits (including pension benefits) are counted as income for the SSI program. In FY2007, 325,378 veterans and 198,047 survivors received \$3.7 billion in veterans' pension payments.<sup>6</sup>

**Readjustment Benefits.** Several VA programs support readjustment, or education, job training, and vocational rehabilitation, benefits for veterans and military personnel who meet certain eligibility criteria. The largest of these programs is the Montgomery GI Bill (MGIB). The MGIB provides educational assistance to persons who, as members of the Armed Forces or the Selected Reserve, elected to participate in the program since June 30, 1985. The purposes of the MGIB are to aid servicemembers leaving the Armed Forces in their readjustment to civilian life, to provide an incentive for the recruitment and retention of qualified personnel in the Armed Forces, and to develop a more educated and productive workforce.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Links to current and historical monthly benefit rate tables for disability compensation can be found on the VA Website at [http://www.vba.va.gov/bln/21/Rates/].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Department of Veterans Affairs, *FY2009 Budget Submission, Benefits and Burial Programs and Departmental Administration*, Volume 3 of 4, p. 2A-3, available at [http://www.va.gov/budget/summary/2009/Volume 3-Benefits and Burial and Dept Admin.pdf].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For more information on veterans' pensions, see CRS Report RS22804, *Veterans' Benefits: Pension Benefit Programs*, by Carol D. Davis and Christine Scott.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Links to current and historical monthly benefit rate tables for VA pensions can be found on the VA Website at [http://www.vba.va.gov/bln/21/Rates/].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Department of Veterans Affairs, *FY2009 Budget Submission, Benefits and Burial Programs and Departmental Administration*, Volume 3 of 4, p. 2A-3, available at [http://www.va.gov/budget/summary/2009/Volume\_3-Benefits\_and\_Burial\_and\_Dept\_Admin.pdf].

To participate in the MGIB, active duty military personnel contribute \$100 per month for the first 12 months of enlistment. Eligibility depends on the veteran having made the required monthly contributions and having met a minimum length of active duty service requirement, which is determined by the length of the service obligation. Benefit levels are determined by the type of training sought (institutional, apprenticeship, or on-the-job) and enrollment status (full-time or part-time). A servicemember earns one month in MGIB benefits for each month of active duty service, up to a maximum of 36 months. In FY2007, spending for VA readjustment programs was \$3.3 billion (**Table 1**). In addition to the benefits and services provided by the VA, the Department of Labor provides employment counseling and job training for veterans. 8

**Housing and Homeless Benefits.** The VA provides housing benefits for veterans, such as guaranteed and direct loan programs that enable veterans to purchase homes.<sup>9</sup> In FY2007, the VA guaranteed 129,261 loans at a cost of \$24.2 billion and provided 1,143 direct loans at a cost of \$118.6 million.<sup>10</sup>

Several federal programs have been created to aid homeless veterans, whose numbers were estimated at 154,000 in January 2007. In FY2007, the federal government spent about \$282 million for homeless veterans' programs, covering such areas as health care, employment services, and housing.<sup>11</sup>

**Health Benefits.** Veterans generally must enroll in the VA health care system to receive inpatient and outpatient medical care. Eligibility for enrollment is based primarily on previous military service, disability, and income. VA provides free inpatient and outpatient medical care to veterans for service-connected conditions and to low-income veterans for nonservice-connected conditions. For 2008, a veteran with an income of \$28,429 or less with no dependents, or \$34,117 or less with one dependent (add \$1,909 for each additional dependent), is eligible to receive free medical care. The FY2008 National Defense Authorization Act (P.L. 110-181) extended from two to five years the eligibility period for enrollment for those veterans who served in a combat theater of operations after November 11, 1998. Therefore, active duty, National Guard and Reserve servicemembers returning from Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom (OEF/OIF) may, after their most recent discharge from active duty, enroll in the VA health care system for free VA medical care for a period of five years for conditions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> For more information on the Montgomery GI Bill (MGIB) program, see CRS Report RL33281, *Montgomery GI Bill Education Benefits: Analysis of College Prices and Federal Student Aid Under the Higher Education Act*, by Charmaine Mercer. Information on the MGIB monthly benefit rates can be found at [https://www.gibill.va.gov/GI\_Bill\_Info/rates.htm].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For more information on veterans' programs offered by the Department of Labor, see CRS Report RS22666, *Veterans Benefits: Federal Employment Assistance*, by Christine Scott.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> For information on the veterans' guaranteed housing loan program, see CRS Report RS20533, *VA-Home Loan Guarantee Program: An Overview*, by Bruce E. Foote and Meredith Peterson.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Department of Veterans Affairs, *FY2009 Budget Submission, Benefits and Burial Programs and Departmental Administration*, Volume 3 of 4, p. 2E-14, available at [http://www.va.gov/budget/summary/2009/Volume\_3-Benefits\_and\_Burial\_and\_Dept\_Admin.pdf].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> For more information on homeless veterans' programs, see CRS Report RL34024, *Veterans and Homelessness*, by Libby Perl.

that are, or may be, related to their combat service. Following this initial five-year period, these veterans may continue their enrollment in the VA health care system, but they may be subject to applicable copayments for nonservice-connected conditions.<sup>12</sup>

VA provides a comprehensive medical benefits package to all enrolled veterans. Broadly, this includes preventive care services (e.g., immunizations, physical examinations, health care assessments, and screening tests); inpatient and outpatient medical care, surgery, and mental health care, including care for substance abuse; prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, and medical and surgical supplies; and durable medical equipment and prosthetic and orthotic devices, including eyeglasses and hearing aids. VA provides this care through 155 medical centers, 135 nursing homes, 717 ambulatory care and community-based outpatient clinics (CBOCs), 45 residential rehabilitation treatment programs, and 209 Vet Centers (generally these are communitybased, non-medical facilities that offer counseling services). Under certain circumstances, VA also pays for care provided to veterans by independent providers and practitioners on a fee basis. Eligible dependents of veterans receive inpatient and outpatient care in the private sector under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs (CHAMPVA). 13 In addition, VA provides grants for the construction of state-owned veterans' nursing homes and domiciliary facilities and collaborates with the Department of Defense (DOD) in sharing health care resources and services.

In general, VA provides nursing home care to veterans with service-connected conditions that are clinically determined to require nursing home care and to veterans with service-connected disabilities that are rated 70% or more. The department may also provide VA nursing home care to other veterans if space and resources are available. In FY2007, VA health care programs cost \$36.2 billion (**Table 1**). VA medical services were provided to about 5.1 million "unique patients," resulting in about 811,000 inpatient episodes and 63 million outpatient visits (**Table 2**).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> For more information on veterans' medical care, see CRS Report RL33993, *Veterans' Health Care Issues*, by Sidath Viranga Panangala.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> For more information on the CHAMPVA program, see CRS Report RS22483, *Health Care for Dependents and Survivors of Veterans*, by Sidath Viranga Panangala and Susan Janeczko.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> "Unique patients" include individuals other than veterans who are eligible for VA medical care.

Table 1. Budget Authority For Veterans Benefits And Services, Department of Veterans Affairs, FY1980-FY2007

(millions of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Compensation and Pension Benefits <sup>a</sup>	Readjustment Benefits <sup>b</sup>	Health Care <sup>c</sup>	Other Benefits, Services, and Administration <sup>d</sup>	Total Budget Authority
1980	\$11,202	\$2,319	\$6,007	\$1,024	\$20,552
1981	12,592	2,290	6,533	1,044	22,459
1982	13,824	1,939	7,302	1,161	24,225
1983	13,431	1,666	7,980	1,531	24,607
1984	14,127	1,453	8,529	1,525	25,634
1985	14,168	1,138	9,202	1,879	26,387
1986	14,427	878	9,363	1,563	26,230
1987	14,445	741	9,983	1,436	26,605
1988	14,832	808	10,345	2,257	28,242
1989	15,461	620	11,146	2,118	29,345
1990	15,555	498	11,696	2,029	29,778
1991	16,397	1,004	12,604	2,519	32,525
1992	16,342	635	13,908	2,272	33,158
1993	16,969	814	14,962	2,409	35,155
1994	17,526	1,051	15,974	2,229	36,780
1995	17,627	1,287	16,480	2,073	37,466
1996	18,432	1,345	16,863	1,995	38,635
1997	19,599	1,377	17,337	1,741	40,054
1998	20,483	1,366	18,056	1,782	41,687
1999	21,857	1,175	18,236	1,870	43,138
2000	21,568	1,469	19,871	1,911	44,819
2001	23,356	1,981	21,415	1,913	48,665
2002	26,044	2,135	23,028	2,288	53,495
2003	28,949	2,265	25,836	2,624	59,673
2004	29,845	2,530	28,824	2,626	63,825
2005	32,608	2,556	31,642	2,630	69,436
2006	33,898	3,309	31,511	5,019	73,737
2007	38,172	3,262	36,222	4,357	82,014

**Source:** Table prepared by the Congressional Research Service (CRS) based on data obtained from the General Administration & Coordination Service, Office of the Budget, Department of Veterans Affairs.

- a. Includes compensation and pensions for veterans and survivors, burial obligations, clothing allowances, and other special compensation for children of certain categories of veterans.
- b. Includes educational benefits for veterans, reservists, and dependents; vocational rehabilitation; tuition assistance; grants to state approving agencies for MGIB benefits; and grants for adapted housing, automobiles, and equipment.
- c. Budget authority for the Veterans Health Administration. Aside from direct appropriations for medical care, VA has been able to supplement its appropriations through Medical Care Collections Fund (MCCF) collections. These include inpatient, outpatient, medication, and nursing home copayments from veterans and third-party payments recovered from veterans' insurers. Since FY1998 (the first year VA started retaining these collections), VA has utilized these collections to provide medical services to veterans. MCCF totals are included in budget authority figures from FY1998 forward.
- d. Includes insurance programs, housing and other loan guaranty programs, and administration. Beginning in FY2006, this category also includes information technology, which was previously reported as part of each program.

Table 2. Number of Recipients of Veterans Benefits and Services, FY1980-FY2007

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Compensation and Pensions	Readjustment, Education, and Job Training	Medical Care		Housing Loan
			Inpatienta	Outpatient <sup>b</sup>	Programs
1980	4,646	1,233	1,359	17,930	297
1981	4,535	1,081	1,360	17,809	188
1982	4,407	906	1,358	18,510	103
1983	4,286	755	1,401	18,616	245
1984	4,123	629	1,412	19,601	252
1985	4,005	492	1,435	20,188	179
1986	3,900	419	1,462	21,635	314
1987	3,850	365	1,466	21,635	479
1988	3,762	352	1,224	23,233	235
1989	3,686	349	1,153	22,629	190
1990	3,614	360	1,113	22,600	196
1991	3,546	322	1,072	23,007	181
1992	3,462	388	988	23,902	266
1993	3,397	438	974	24,236	383
1994	3,351	472	963	25,443	602
1995	3,332	476	930	27,565	263
1996	3,315	475	850	30,055	292
1997	3,290	480	700	32,648	239
1998	3,270	479	632	35,777	369
1999	3,254	458	752	37,799	396
2000	3,241	459	718	39,266	176
2001	3,220	485	729	43,808	253
2002	3,246	559	746	47,032	295
2003	3,328	554	742	50,756	522
2004	3,396	582	761	54,776	271
2005	3,476	591	811	58,236	162
2006	3,548	587	774	60,194	139
2007	3,646	610	811	62,936	130

**Source:** Table prepared by the Congressional Research Service (CRS) based on data obtained from the General Administration & Coordination Service, Office of the Budget, Department of Veterans Affairs.

a. Patients treated is the sum of discharges and deaths during the reporting period plus patients remaining as bed occupants or absent bed occupants at the end of the reporting period.

b. Visits for outpatient care.